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# The Resolution of Weyl Module for Two Rows in Special Case of the SkewShape 

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#### Abstract

The aim of this work is to survey the two rows resolution of Weyl module and locate the terms and the exactness of the Weyl Resolution in the case of skew-shape $(8,6) /(2,1)$.


Keywords: Resolution, resolution of Weyl module, place polarization, skew-shape, box map.

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تحلل مقاس وايل في حالة خاصة لصفين من شبه الثكل المنحرف
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        الخلاصة
الهغف من العمل هذا, هو مراجعة تطبيق لتحلل مقاس وايل لصنين في حالة شبه الثككل المنحرف
                                    (2,1)(8,6) ولإيجاد حدود ذلك التحلل وبرهان انه تام.
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## Introduction

Let $F$ be a free module over a commutative ring $R$ with identity and $D_{r} F$ be divided power algebra of degree $r$ that underlies the free module $F$.

A partition of length $n=l(\lambda)$ is a sequence $\lambda=\left(\lambda_{1}, \lambda_{2}, \ldots, \lambda_{n}\right)$ of non -negative integers in non-increasing order $\lambda_{1} \geq \lambda_{2} \geq \cdots \geq \lambda_{n}>0$. A relative sequence is a pair $(\lambda, \mu)$ of sequences such that $\mu \leq \lambda$ means that $\mu_{i} \leq \lambda_{i}$ for all $i \geq 1$. We shall use the notation $\frac{\lambda}{\mu}$ to represent relative sequences. If both $\lambda$ and $\mu$ are partitions, then the relative sequence $\frac{\lambda}{\mu}$ will be called a skew partition.

Author in an earlier work [1] started the use of letter place algebra and differential bar complex. While the authors in another study [2] described the Weyl module $K_{\lambda / \mu} F$ associated to the skew-shape, which has the image of


For $K_{\lambda / \mu} F=\operatorname{Im}\left(d_{\lambda / \mu}^{\prime}\right)$ where $d_{\lambda / \mu}^{\prime}: D F \rightarrow \Lambda F$ (Weyl map), so we have

[^0]$\sum D_{p+k} \otimes D_{q-k} \longrightarrow D_{p} \otimes D_{q} \xrightarrow{d^{\prime} \lambda / \mu} K_{\lambda / \mu} \rightarrow 0$
And, by using letter place, the maps will be

$\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1^{(p+k)} \\ 2^{(q-k)}\end{array}\right.\right) \xrightarrow{\partial_{21}^{(k)}}\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{cc}1^{(p)} & 2^{(k)} \\ 2^{(q-k)}\end{array}\right.\right) \rightarrow \sum_{w}\left(\begin{array}{c}w_{(1)} \\ w^{\prime} w_{(2)}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c}(t+1)^{\prime}(t+2)^{\prime} \ldots(p+t)^{\prime} \\ 1^{\prime} 2^{\prime} 3^{\prime} \ldots q^{\prime}\end{array}\right.\right) ;$
where $w \otimes w^{\prime} \in D_{p+k} \otimes D_{q-k}$, $\quad=\sum_{k=t+1}^{q} \partial_{21}^{(k)}$, and $\quad d_{\lambda / \mu}^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}=\partial_{q^{\prime} 2} \ldots \partial_{1^{\prime} 2} \partial_{(p+t)^{\prime} 1} \ldots \partial_{(t+1)^{\prime} 1}$, is the composition of place polarizations from positive places $\{1,2\}$ to negative place $\left\{1^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, \ldots,(p+\right.$ $t$ )'\}.

Specifically, $\square$ sends an element $x \otimes y$ of $D_{p+k} \otimes D_{q-k}$ to $\sum x_{p} \otimes x_{k}^{\prime} y$; where $\sum x_{p} \otimes x_{k}^{\prime}$ is the component of the diagonal of $x$ in $D_{p} \otimes D_{k}$, [3].

The author in another article [4] introduced these notions as follows:
Let $Z_{21}$ be the free generator of divided power algebra $D\left(Z_{21}\right)$ in one generator. The divided power element $Z_{21}^{(k)}$ of degree $k$ of the free generator $Z_{21}$ acts on $D_{p+k} \otimes D_{q-k}$ by place polarization of degree $k$ from place 1 to place 2 .

The graded algebra with identity $A=D\left(Z_{21}\right)$ acts on the graded module $M=D_{p+k} \otimes D_{q-k}=$ $\sum M_{q-k}$. Hence, $M$ is a graded left $A$-module, where for $w=Z_{21}^{(k)} \in A$ and $v \in D_{\beta_{1}} \otimes D_{\beta_{2}}$, so we have:

$$
w(v)=Z_{21}^{(k)}(v)=\partial_{21}^{(k)}(v)
$$

If we take $\left(t^{+}\right)$graded strand of degree $q$
$\mathcal{M}_{\mathbf{A}}: 0 \longrightarrow \mathcal{M}_{q-t} \xrightarrow{\partial_{S}} \ldots \longrightarrow \mathcal{M}_{e} \xrightarrow{\partial_{s}} \mathcal{M}_{1} \xrightarrow{\partial_{S}} \mathcal{M}_{0}$,
of the normalized Bar complex $\operatorname{Bar}(M, A ; S, \bullet)$, where $S=\{x\}$.
We illustrate some important standard concepts which are needed in our work.
The maps $\left\{S_{i}\right\}$ are defined as follows [2]:
$S_{0}: D_{p} \otimes D_{q} \rightarrow \sum_{k>0} Z^{(t+k)} x D_{p+t+k} \otimes D_{q-t-k}$
$\left(\begin{array}{ll}w \\ w^{\prime} & 1_{2^{(q-k)}}^{(p)}\end{array} 2^{(k)}\right) \longrightarrow\left\{\begin{array}{cl}0 & ; \text { if } k \leq t \\ z_{21}^{(k)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w^{\prime} \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(q-k)}} ^{(p+k)}\right.\end{array}\right) \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { if } k>t^{(q)} \text { And for the higher dimensions, }\end{aligned}$ they are defined as
$S_{l-1}: \sum_{k_{i}>0} Z_{21}^{\left(t+k_{1}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x \ldots Z_{21}^{\left(k_{l-1}\right)} x D_{p+t+|k|} \otimes D_{q-t-|k|}$

$$
\rightarrow Z_{21}^{\left(t+k_{1}\right)} \times Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} \times \ldots Z_{21}^{\left(k_{l-1}\right)} \times Z_{21}^{\left(k_{l}\right)} \times D_{p+t+|k|} \otimes D_{q-t-|k|}
$$

$z_{21}^{\left(t+k_{1}\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x \ldots z_{21}^{\left(k_{\ell-1}\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(q-t-|k|-m)}} 1^{(p+t+|k|)} \quad 2^{(m)}\right)$
$\longrightarrow\left\{\begin{array}{c}0 \\ z_{21}^{\left(t+k_{1}\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x \ldots z_{21}^{\left(k_{\ell-1}\right)} x z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ \left.w^{\prime} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1^{(p+t+|k|+m)} \\ 2^{(q-t-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right.\right) ; \text { if } m=0\end{array} \quad \text { if } m>0\right.\end{array} \quad\right.$ While the modules of the resolution were written as [2]: $M_{i}$ for $i=0,1, \ldots, q-t$, with $M_{0}=D_{p} \otimes D_{q}$, and $M_{i}=$ $Z_{21}^{\left(t+k_{1}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x \ldots Z_{21}^{\left(k_{i}\right)} x D_{p+t+|k|} \otimes D_{q-t-|k|}$, for $i \geq 1$.

Hassan [5] studied the resolution of Weyl module in the case of two-rowed skew-shape ( $p+$ $t, q) /(t, 0)$. While another study [6] exhibited the terms and the exactness of the Weyl resolution in the case of partition $(8,7)$. In this work, we locate the terms and the exactness of the Weyl Resolution in the case of skew-shape $(8,6) /(2,1)$.

## 2. Results of the case (8,6)/(2,0)

In this section, we find the term and the exactness for the resolution of Weyl module in the case of the skew-shape $(8,6) /(2,0)$.
The terms of the Resolution Weyl module are:
$M_{0}=D_{6} \otimes D_{6}$
$M_{1}=Z_{21}^{(3)} x D_{9} \otimes D_{3} \oplus Z_{21}^{(4)} x D_{10} \otimes D_{2} \oplus Z_{21}^{(5)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{1} \oplus Z_{21}^{(6)} x D_{12} \otimes D_{0}$
$M_{2}=Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{10} \otimes D_{2} \oplus Z_{21}^{(4)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{1} \oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{1} \oplus Z_{21}^{(5)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{12} \otimes D_{0}$

$$
\oplus Z_{21}^{(4)} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_{12} \otimes D_{0} \oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21}^{(3)} x D_{12} \otimes D_{0}
$$

$M_{3}=Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{1} \oplus Z_{21}^{(4)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{12} \otimes D_{0} \oplus$
$Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{12} \otimes D_{0} \oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_{12} \otimes D_{0} \oplus$
$M_{4}=Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{12} \otimes D_{0}$.
Thus we have the complex


The constructions of a contracting homotopies $\left\{\mathrm{S}_{i}\right\}, \mathrm{i}=1,2,3$ are:
$S_{0}: D_{6} \otimes D_{6} \rightarrow \sum_{k>0} Z_{21}^{(k+2)} x D_{6+k} \otimes D_{6-k}$ such that
$S_{0}\left(\left(\left.\begin{array}{l}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(6+k)}} ^{(6+k)} 2^{(k)}\right)\right)=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}0 & \text { if } k \leq 2 \\ z_{21}^{(k+2)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(6-k)}} ^{(6+k)}\right.\end{array}\right) \quad ;$ if $k=3,4,5$
$S_{1}: \sum_{k>0} Z_{21}^{(k+2)} x D_{8+k} \otimes D_{4-k} \rightarrow Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x D_{8+k} \otimes D_{4-k}$ such that
$\delta_{1}\left(Z_{21}^{(k+2)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-k-m)}} ^{1^{(8+k)}} 2^{(m)}\right)\right)=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}0 & \text { if } m=0 \\ Z_{21}^{(k+2)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-k-m)}} ^{1^{(8+k+m)}}\right) & \text {; if } \quad m=1,2,3\end{array}\right.$
$S_{2}: \sum_{k_{i}>0} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x D_{8+|k|} \otimes D_{4-|k|} \rightarrow Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x D_{8+|k|} \otimes D_{4-|k|}$ such that
$\mathcal{S}_{2}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ \left.w^{\prime}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(8+|k|)}}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)\right)$
$=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}0 & \text { if } m=0 \\ Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{l}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(8+|k|+m)}}\right) & ; \text { if } m=1,2,\end{array} ;\right.$ where $|k|=k_{1}+k_{2}$.
$S_{3}: \sum_{k_{i}>0} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x D_{8+|k|} \otimes D_{4-|k|} \rightarrow Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{4}\right)} x D_{8+|k|} \otimes D_{4-|k|}$
$\delta_{3}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(8+|k|)}} 2^{(m)}\right)\right)$
$=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}0 & \text { if } m=0 \\ Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(8+|k|+m)}\right.\end{array}\right) \quad$; if $m=1$; where $|k|=k_{1}+k_{2}+k_{3}$.
Now, we have
$\mathcal{S}_{0} \partial_{\varkappa}\left(Z_{21}^{(k+2)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-k-m)}} ^{1^{(8+k)}} 2^{(m)}\right)\right)=\delta_{0} \partial_{12}^{(k+2)}\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime} \\ \left.\right|_{2^{(4-k-m)}} \\ 1^{(8+k)}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)$
$=\binom{k+2+m}{m} z_{21}^{(k+2+m)} x\left(\begin{array}{l}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1^{(8+k+m)} \\ 2^{(4-k-m)}\end{array}\right.\right)$,
and
$\partial_{x} \delta_{1}\left(Z_{21}^{(k+2)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-k-m)}} ^{1^{(8+k)}} \quad 2^{(m)}\right)\right)=\partial_{x}\left(Z_{21}^{(k+2)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{1^{(8+k+m)}} ^{2^{(4-k-m)}}\right)\right) ~$
$=-\binom{k+2+m}{m} z_{21}^{(k+2+m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-k-m)}} ^{1^{(8+k+m)}}\right)+z_{21}^{(k+2)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-k-m)}} ^{1^{(8+k)}} 2^{(m)}\right)$

It is clear that $\mathcal{S}_{0} \partial_{x}+\partial_{x} \mathcal{S}_{1}=\operatorname{id}_{\mathcal{M}_{1}}$.
$\delta_{1} \partial_{x}\left(z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime} \\ w^{(4-|k|-m)} \\ 1^{(8+|k|)}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)\right)$
$=\delta_{1}\left[-\binom{|k|+2}{k_{2}} Z_{21}^{(|k|+2)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(8+|k|)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)+Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x \partial_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)}\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(8+|k|)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)\right]$
$=\binom{|k|+2}{k_{2}} z_{21}^{(|k|+2)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(8+|k|+m)}}\right)+\binom{k_{2}+m}{m} z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}+m\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime} \mid\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(8+|k|+m)}\right)$,
and
$\partial_{x} \mathcal{S}_{2}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(8+|k|)}} 2^{(m)}\right)\right)=\partial_{x}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\binom{w}{\left.\left.w^{\prime} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1^{(8+|k|+m)} \\ 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right.\right)\right) ~}\right.$
$=\binom{|k|+2}{k_{2}} Z_{21}^{(|k|+2)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(8+|k|+m)}\right)-\binom{k_{2}+m}{m} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}+m\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ \left.w^{\prime} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1 \\ 2^{(8+|k|+m)} \\ 2^{(8-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right.\right)\end{array}\right.$
$z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}| |_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}}^{1^{(8+|k|)}} \\ 2^{(m)}\end{array}\right) ;$ where $|k|=k_{1}+k_{2}$.
It is clear that $\mathcal{S}_{1} \partial_{x}+\partial_{x} \mathcal{S}_{2}=\operatorname{id}_{\mathcal{M}_{2}}$.
 $\left.+Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x \partial_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)}\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(8+|k| \mid}} 2^{(m)}\right)\right]$
$=\binom{k_{1}+k_{2}+2}{k_{2}} z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+k_{2}+2\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1^{(8+|k|+m)} \\ 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right.\right)-$
$\binom{k_{2}+k_{3}}{k_{3}} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}+k_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1^{(8+|k|+m)} \\ 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right.\right)+$
$\binom{k_{3}+m}{m} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}+m\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(8+|k|+m)}\right)$,
and
$\partial_{x} \delta_{3}\left(z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(8+|k|)}} 2^{(m)}\right)\right)=$
$\partial_{x}\left(z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(8+|k|+m)}}\right)\right)$
$=-\binom{k_{1}+k_{2}+2}{k_{2}} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+k_{2}+2\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1^{(8+|k|+m)} \\ 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right.\right)+$
$\binom{k_{2}+k_{3}}{k_{3}} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}+k_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{1^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(8+|k|+m)}\right)-$
$\binom{k_{3}+m}{m} z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}+m\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(8+|k|+m)}\right)+$
$z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x \partial_{21}^{(m)}\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime} \mid\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(8+|k|+m)}}\right)$
$=-\binom{k_{1}+k_{2}+2}{k_{2}} z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+k_{2}+2\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1^{(8+|k|+m)} \\ 2^{(8-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right.\right)+$
$\binom{k_{2}+k_{3}}{k_{3}} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}+k_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(8+|k|+m)}\right)-$
$\binom{k_{3}+m}{m} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}+m\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(8+|k|+m)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right)+$
$Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+2\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(8+|k|)}} \quad 2^{(m)}\right) ;$ where $|k|=k_{1}+k_{2}+k_{3}$.
It is clear that $S_{2} \partial_{x}+\partial_{x} S_{3}=i d_{M_{3}}$.
From the above, we get that $\left\{S_{0}, S_{1}, S_{2}, S_{3}\right\}$ is a contracting homotopy [7] which means that our complex is exact.

## 3. Results of the case $(8,6) /(2,1)$

In this section, we find the resolution of Weyl module in the case of the skew-shape $(8,6) /(2,1)$ when $t=1$.

The terms of the Resolution Weyl module are:
$M_{0}=D_{6} \otimes D_{5}$
$M_{1}=Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_{8} \otimes D_{3} \oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x D_{9} \otimes D_{2} \oplus Z_{21}^{(4)} x D_{10} \otimes D_{1} \oplus Z_{21}^{(5)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{0}$
$M_{2}=Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{9} \otimes D_{2} \oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{10} \otimes D_{1} \oplus Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_{10} \otimes D_{1} \oplus$ $Z_{21}^{(4)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{0} \oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{0} \oplus Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(3)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{0}$
$M_{3}=Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{10} \otimes D_{1} \oplus Z_{21}^{(3)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{0} \oplus$ $Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{0} \oplus Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x Z_{21}^{(2)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{0} \oplus$
$M_{4}=Z_{21}^{(2)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x Z_{21}^{(1)} x D_{11} \otimes D_{0}$.
Thus we have the complex


The constructions of a contracting homotopies $\left\{S_{i}\right\}, i=1,2,3$ are:
$S_{0}: D_{6} \otimes D_{5} \rightarrow \sum_{k>0} Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x D_{6+k} \otimes D_{5-k} \quad$ such that
$\mathcal{S}_{0}\left(\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll}1^{(6+k)} & 2^{(k)} \\ 2^{(5-k)} & \end{array}\right.\right)=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}0 & \text { if } k \leq 1 \\ z_{21}^{(k+1)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1^{(6+k)} \\ 2^{(5-k)}\end{array}\right.\right) & \text { if } k=3,4,5\end{array}\right.\right.$
$\mathcal{S}_{1}: \sum_{k>0} Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x \mathcal{D}_{7+k} \otimes \mathcal{D}_{4-k} \longrightarrow Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x \mathcal{D}_{7+k} \otimes \mathcal{D}_{4-k}$ such that
$\mathcal{S}_{1}\left(Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(7+k)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-k-m)}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}0 & \text { if } m=0 \\ Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-k-m)}} ^{(7+k+m)}\right.\end{array} \quad\right.\right.$; if $m=1,2,3$
$\mathcal{S}_{2}: \sum_{k_{i}>0} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x \mathcal{D}_{7+|k|} \otimes \mathcal{D}_{4-|k|} \longrightarrow Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x \mathcal{D}_{7+|k|} \otimes \mathcal{D}_{4-|k|}$ such that
$\mathcal{S}_{2}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} 2^{1^{(4-|k|-m)}} 2^{(7+|k|)} \quad 2^{(m)}\right)\right)$
$=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}0 & ; \text { if } m=0 \\ Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(7+|k|+m)}\right.\end{array}\right) \quad ;$ if $m=1,2, \quad ;$ where $|k|=k_{1}+k_{2}$.
$\mathcal{S}_{3}: \sum_{h_{i}>0} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x \mathcal{D}_{7+|k|} \otimes \mathcal{D}_{4-|k|} \longrightarrow Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(\kappa_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{4}\right)} x \mathcal{D}_{7+|k|} \otimes \mathcal{D}_{4-|k|}$
$\mathcal{S}_{3}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|cc}w & 1^{(7+|k|)} & 2^{(m)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right)\right)$

$$
=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}
0 & \text {; if } m=0 \\
z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}
w \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(7+|k|+m)}\right.
\end{array}\right) \quad \text {; if } m=1 ; \text { where }|k|=k_{1}+k_{2}+k_{3} .
$$

Now, we have
$\mathcal{S}_{0} \partial_{\chi}\left(Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|cc}w & 1^{(7+k)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-k-m)}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)\right)=\mathcal{S}_{0} \partial_{12}^{(k+1)}\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(7+k)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-k-m)}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)$

and
$\partial_{x} S_{1}\left(Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(7+k)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-k-m)}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)\right)=\partial_{x}\left(Z_{21}^{(k+1)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w \\ w^{\prime} & 1^{(7+k+m)} \\ 2^{(4-k-m)}\end{array}\right)\right)$
$=-\binom{k+1+m}{m} z_{21}^{(k+1+m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} 1_{2^{(4-k-m)}}^{(7+k+m)}\right)+z_{21}^{(k+1)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(7+k)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-k-m)}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)$
It is clear that $\mathcal{S}_{0} \partial_{x}+\partial_{x} \mathcal{S}_{1}=\mathrm{id}_{\mathcal{M}_{1}}$.
$\mathcal{S}_{1} \partial_{x}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|cc}w & 1^{(7+|k|)} & 2^{(m)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right)\right.$
$=s_{1}\left[-\binom{|k|+1}{k_{2}} Z_{21}^{(|k|+1)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c}2^{(4-|k|-m)} \\ (7+|k|)\end{array}\right.\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)+Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x \partial_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)}\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(7+|k|)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right)\right]$
$-\binom{|k|+1}{k_{2}} Z_{21}^{(|k|+2)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\binom{w}{\left.w^{\prime} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c}1^{(7+|k|+m)} \\ 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right.\right)+\binom{k_{2}+m}{m} z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}+m\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(7+|k|+m)}\right.}$,
and
$\partial_{x} \mathcal{S}_{2}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(7+|k|)} \\ \left.w^{\prime}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(m)}\end{array}\right)\right)=\partial_{x}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime} \\ 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array} 1^{(7+|k|+m)}\right)\right.$
$=\binom{|k|+1}{k_{2}} Z_{21}^{(|k|+1)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime} \mid\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(7+|k|+m)}\right)-\binom{k_{2}+m}{m} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}+m\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ \left.w^{\prime} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}1^{(4+|k|+m)} \\ 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right.\right)\end{array}\right.$
$z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w \\ w^{\prime} & 1^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array} 2^{(m+|k|)}\right) ;$ where $|k|=k_{1}+k_{2}$.
It is clear that $\mathcal{S}_{1} \partial_{x}+\partial_{x} \mathcal{S}_{2}=\operatorname{id}_{\mathcal{M}_{2}}$.
$\mathcal{S}_{2} \partial_{x}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|cc}w & 1^{(7+|k|)} & 2^{(m)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right)\right)$
$=\delta_{2}\left[\binom{k_{1}+k_{2}+1}{k_{2}} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+k_{2}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}w \\ w^{\prime}\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{|c}2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array} 2^{(m+|k|)}\right.\right)-\right.$
$\binom{k_{2}+k_{3}}{k_{3}} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}+k_{3}\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(7+|k|)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array} 2^{(m)}\right)$

$$
\left.+Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x \partial_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)}\left(\begin{array}{c|cc}
w & 1^{(7+|k|)} & 2^{(m)} \\
w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}
\end{array}\right)\right]
$$

$=\binom{k_{1}+k_{2}+1}{k_{2}} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+k_{2}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(7+|k|+m)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right)-$

$\binom{k_{3}+m}{m} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}+m\right)} x\left(\begin{array}{c|c}w & 1^{(7+|k|+m)} \\ w^{\prime} & 2^{(4-|k|-m)}\end{array}\right)$,
and

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \partial_{x} \delta_{3}\left(z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}
w \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(7+|k|)}} 2^{(m)}\right)\right)= \\
& \partial_{x}\left(Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}
w^{\prime} \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(7+|k|+m)}\right)\right) \\
& =-\binom{k_{1}+k_{2}+1}{k_{2}} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+k_{2}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}
w \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}
1^{(7+|k| k \mid-m)}
\end{array}\right.\right)+ \\
& \binom{k_{2}+k_{3}}{k_{3}} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}+k_{3}\right)} x Z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}
w \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array}\right|_{1^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(7+|k|+m)}\right)- \\
& \binom{k_{3}+m}{m} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}+m\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}
w \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(7+|k|+m)}}\right)+ \\
& z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x \partial_{21}^{(m)}\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}
w \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(7+|k|+m)}}\right) \\
& =-\binom{k_{1}+k_{2}+1}{k_{2}} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+k_{2}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}
w \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}
1^{(7+|k|+m}{ }^{(7-|k|-m)}
\end{array}\right.\right)+ \\
& \binom{k_{2}+k_{3}}{k_{3}} z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}+k_{3}\right)} x z_{21}^{(m)} x\left(\begin{array}{c}
w \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}
1^{(7+|k|+m)} \\
2^{(7-|k|-m)}
\end{array}\right.\right)- \\
& \binom{k_{3}+m}{m} Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}+m\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{c}
w^{\prime} \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{(7+|k|+m)}\right)+ \\
& Z_{21}^{\left(k_{1}+1\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{2}\right)} x Z_{21}^{\left(k_{3}\right)} x\left(\left.\begin{array}{l}
w \\
w^{\prime}
\end{array}\right|_{2^{(4-|k|-m)}} ^{1^{(7+|k|)}} 2^{(m)}\right) ; \text { where }|k|=k_{1}+k_{2}+k_{3} .
\end{aligned}
$$

It is clear that $S_{2} \partial_{x}+\partial_{\chi} S_{3}=i d_{M_{3}}$.
From the above, we get that $\left\{\mathrm{S}_{0}, \mathrm{~S}_{1}, \mathrm{~S}_{2}, \mathrm{~S}_{3}\right\}$ is a contracting homotopy [7], which means that our complex is exact.

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